Claims

1. An ink suitable for application to a heat resistant substrate and firing to fuse the ink to the substrate, the ink being in a form for ink jet printing and comprising:-

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a carrier material;

a pigment;

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a fusible vitreous agent comprising particles of less than 10 microns in size, and

the carrier having a melting point for phase change of the ink.

- 15 2. An ink as claimed in claim 1 wherein the pigment is in particulate form.
 - 3. An ink as claimed in claim 1 wherein the pigment comprises ceramic pigment particles of less than 10 microns in size.
- An ink as claimed in claim 3 wherein the concentration of ceramic pigment in the ink is in the range of 10% to 60% by weight.
 - 5. An ink as claimed in claim 3 wherein the concentration of ceramic pigment in the ink is in the range of 20% to 50% by weight.

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- 6. An ink as claimed in claim 1 wherein the pigment and fusible vitreous agent are combined in the form of ceramic pigment particles.
- 7. An ink as claimed in any of claims 1 wherein the particles are less than 5 microns in size.

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- 8. An ink as claimed in any of claims 1 wherein the ink comprises a dispersant.
- 9. An ink as claimed in claim 8 wherein the particles are coated with the dispersant.
- 5 10. An ink as claimed in claim 8 wherein the dispersant is chemisorbed onto the particles.
 - 11. An ink as claimed in claim 10 wherein the dispersant is chemisorbed onto the particles by drying in an oven for up to 24 hours.
 - 12. An ink as claimed in claim 11 wherein the temperature of the oven is at least 120°C.
- 13. An ink as claimed in claim 8 wherein the dispersant is selected from a modified polyacrylate and fatty acid.
 - 14. An ink as claimed in claim 8 wherein the dispersant is selected from 12-hydroxystearic acid, stearic acid, tartaric acid, hydroxybenzoic acid and docosanoic acid.
 - 15. An ink as claimed in claim 8 wherein the dispersant comprises stearic acid.
 - 16. An ink as claimed in claim 8 wherein the dispersant is present in a concentration by weight of the ceramic pigment from 2 to 5%.
 - 17. An ink as claimed in claim 8 wherein the dispersant is present in a concentration by weight of the ceramic pigment of approximately 4%.
- 18. An ink as claimed in claim 8 wherein the particles are coated with a dispersant in the presence of a solvent.

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- 19. An ink as claimed in claim 18 wherein the dispersant is soluble in the solvent.
- 20. An ink as claimed in claim 19 wherein the solvent is toluene or butyl acetate.

21. An ink as claimed in claim 8 wherein the particles are coated with a dispersant by

22. An ink as claimed in claim 1 wherein the carrier comprises a wax material.

ball milling or using a rotary dissolver.

- 23. An ink as claimed in claim 22 wherein the carrier has a melting point of from 20 to 150°C, preferably 50 to 100°C.
- 24. An ink as claimed in claim 1 wherein the pigment comprises a chemical dye.
- 25. An ink as claimed in claim 1 wherein the pigment comprises organometallic particles and metallic components.
- An ink suitable for application to a heat resistant substrate and firing to fuse the ink to the substrate, the ink being in a form for ink jet printing and comprising:-

ceramic pigment particles of less than 10 microns in size;

fusible vitreous particles of less than 10 microns in size; and

a carrier having a melting point for phase change of the ink.

27. An ink claimed as in claim 26 wherein the particles are coated with a dispersant.

28. An ink suitable for application to a heat resistant substrate and firing to fuse the ink to the substrate, the ink being in a form for ink jet printing and comprising:-

a carrier having a melting point for phase change of the ink;

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ceramic pigment particles of less than 10 microns in size;

fusible vitreous particles of less than 10 microns in size; and

a dispersant which is chemisorbed onto the particles.

29. A method of producing an ink in a form for ink jet printing comprising the steps of:-

milling a fusible vitreous agent to provide a powder having a particle size less than $10\mu m$;

providing a pigment for the ink;

heating a phase change carrier, and mixing the powder with the molten carrier; and

allowing the carrier to cool to provide solid ink.

- 25 30. A method as claimed in claim 29, in which the pigment is combined with the fusible vitreous agent as ceramic pigment particles.
 - 31. A method of producing an ink comprising the steps of:-

milling a fusible vitreous agent to provide a powder having a particle size less than 10µm;

providing a pigment for the ink;

mixing the milled particles with a dispersant, and a solvent,

removing the solvent;

heating the mixture to a temperature in excess of 120°C whereby the dispersant is chemisorbed onto the milled particles,

heating a phase change carrier, and mixing the powder mixture with the molten carrier; and

allowing the carrier to cool to provide solid ink.

32. A method as claimed in claim 31 wherein the pigment is combined with the fusible vitreous agent as ceramic pigment particles.

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